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A Network Traffic Prediction Algorithm Based on Hybrid Model

Zhang Yu-Hua [1+], Li Hua-Ying [2] and YAN Shi-Tao [1]
[1] Department of information technology
North China University of Water Resources and Electric Power
Zhengzhou, Henan, china
[2] The department information technology
Zhengzhou normal university
Hengzhou,Henan,China
[3]School of Information Engineer
Henan Institute of Science and Technolog,
xinxiang,Henan,china

Abstract. Research network optimization control problem, network traffics have highly self-similarity, nonlinear and multi-scale features, the traditional forecasting methods based on linear data cannot accurately depict network traffic of nonlinear variation, and prediction accurate is low. In order to improve the network traffic prediction accurate, this paper proposed a network traffic hybrid prediction method based on wavelet analysis. The hybrid model uses wavelet analysis to decompose network traffic's the linear and nonlinear parts, and then used respectively ARIMA model and the BP neural network model to prediction its, lastly uses wavelet analysis to reconstruction the linear and nonlinear partial results and get mixed models eventually prediction result. Simulation results showed that the hybrid model is better than other network traffic prediction model; it has higher prediction accurate and is an effective analysis method for network optimization control.

Keywords: wavelet Transform; neural network; Self-regression mode

1. Introduction

With the rapid development of network technology and increasing of network traffic network congestion is more and more serious. The network administrator has to keep abreast of the current operating status of the network, and take considerable control and management measures to improve the network efficiently. The accurate prediction of network traffic is the prerequisite for network management. Therefore, the network traffic prediction becomes the key of research areas and an issue in the study of network control[1].

Traditional network traffic prediction method has the linear regression model, Poisson model, Matkov models and time series forecasting model, Since the network traffic data is essentially a time series, time series model is the most commonly used in the traditional models, in which autoregressive moving average model (ARIMA) is widely used ,and the predictive performance is the best [2].As the network is more and more widely applied, the type of data network transmission becomes diverse, The changes in network traffics have the features of multi-scale, highly self-similarity, nonlinear and time-varying, periodic and non-linear , and so on, The traditional network traffic prediction methods are based on linear Variation of the model, so the change of network traffic can not be well illustrated and described by these methods , and the prediction is not quite accurate ,which is not suitable for the developing requirements of modern large-scale networks [3]. In recent years, the further development of non-linear prediction theory has attracted attentions of scholars, neural networks and the learning methods as vector machines have emerged ,which are applied to the network control management. In particular, artificial neural network is a learning method that has a strong linear predictive power, It has the global promotion of best approximation and a good ability to

+ Corresponding author. *E-mail address*: *zhangyuhua@ncwu.edu.cn*

network traffic changes of nonlinearity and uncertainty of the precise description of network traffic, Thus it becomes the main Prediction method [4].But the neural network is a learning method based on empirical risk minimization principle, It cannot fully depict the multi-scale, self-similarity features of network traffic , so the prediction and the actual network traffic are different ,Which provides a wrong direction to the network administrator,To predict network traffic accurately, We must be fully capture its variation, wavelet transform is a multi-resolution approach to multi-scale decomposition of network traffic, It decomposes the network traffic signal from coarse to fine , and distinguish the traffic signals from the nonlinear signal, All the above is a strong above for the analysis of network traffic changes [6].

To solve the problem of the low accuracy of Network traffic prediction, This paper proposes a network traffic hybrid prediction method based on wavelet analysis after in-depth analysis of network traffic characteristics.Simulation results showed that compared to other network traffic prediction model, hybrid model improves the prediction accuracy of network traffic.

2.Principles of Network Traffic Prediction

Network traffic prediction is developed to use certain prediction model of network traffic, according to collect data on future changes at a certain moment network traffic prediction which directs the network administrator master the network to accurately predict the network traffic, it should predict its linear part and the non-linear part, while the traditional one can only predicts the linear part, so the prediction is not so accurate. Although the BP neural network can predict the non-linear part, It can decompose the network traffic characteristics of changes ,but the gap is larger between the prediction and true sometimes . This paper combines the advantages of ARIMA linear predition and the BP neural network nonlinear prediction, It applies the wavelet analysis to decompose the original network traffic,and two methods are involves in the prediction.Finally it gets the final prediction.

Affected by the environment, users and network itself,the network has the characteristics of a multi-scale, mutations,etc.The changes are unstable,which can be expressed as the following:

$$z(t) = s(t) + v(t) \quad (1)$$

In the above formula , $z(t)$ is the original sequence for the network traffic, $s(t)$ is for the linear part, and $v(t)$ is the nonlinear part. The mathematical model decomposed by the Wavelet is following:

$$\{s(t), v(t)\} = W(z(t)) \quad (2)$$

Among the Formula , $W()$ is wavelet decomposition operator. Linear part of the mathematical model prediction is :

$$s'(t) = ARIMA(S(t)) \quad (3)$$

Among theFormula, $s'(t)$ is Linear part of the prediction , $ARIMA()$ represents linear prediction models. The mathematical model of the nonlinear part prediction as:

$$v'(t) = BP(v(t)) \quad (4)$$

Among theFormula, $v'(t)$ is Nonlinear part of the prediction, $BP()$ is Nonlinear prediction model. The mixed model of final prediction results reconstructed the mathematical as:

$$z'(t) = W(s(t), v(t)) \quad (5)$$

Among the Formula, $z'(t)$ is the final Predictions, $W()$ is the Wavelet reconstruction operator.

3.The Design of Network Traffic Prediction Model

3.1. Wavelet Decomposition of Network Traffic

As network traffic changes with the nonlinear, multi-scale features, So it can be decomposed by wavelet analysis into different frequency components, namely, the linear part and nonlinear part. Suppose $z(t)$ is obtained the Network traffic based data sets : t=0，1，L，N.

Apply discrete wavelet to decompose it, thus the network traffic nonlinear coefficient of the scale d_{j+1} can be expressed as

$$d_{j+1}(t) = c_j(t) - c_{j+1}(t) \tag{6}$$

Among them, the decomposition scale factor is:

$$c_{j+1}(t) = \sum_{l=-\infty}^{+\infty} h(l) c_j(t + 2^j l) \tag{7}$$

The wavelet transform of Network traffic time series of the original L is resolution:

$$D = \{d_1, d_2, \cdots, d_L, c_L\} \tag{8}$$

Where C_L and d_j represent the network traffic signals respectively.

3.2. The Linear Part of the Network Traffic Prediction Model (ARIMA)

After wavelet decomposition, the network traffic is divided into two parts, the use of linear high prediction ability of the ARIMA predict its linear part.

ARIMA model is autoregressive moving average model deformation, which includes self-regression model, difference and moving average model of three parts, being more flexible than the ARMA .The Linear data of the network traffic is given as $\{d_1, d_2, \cdots, d_L\}$, First, We should deal with the difference and make it more stable ,and then determine p, q parameters of the ARIMA model ,the last one is the model prediction. In this paper, the minimum information criterion (AIC) and the SBC criteria are used to determine the optimal order model, And the conditional least squares estimate model parameters. AIC criterion function is defined as:

$$AIC = n \ln(\sigma_\varepsilon^2) + 2(p + q + 1) \tag{9}$$

SBC function is defined as:

$$SBC = n \ln(\sigma_\varepsilon^2) + 2(p + q + 1) \tag{10}$$

3.3. The Nonlinear Part Prediction Model of the Network Traffic (BPNN)

BP neural network is a multilayer feedforward neural network, which is composed of the input layer, hidden layer and output layer. The quantity layers of BP neural network is L, the output of any node i is O_i the output of the layer $L-1$ of the node i is O_{ip}^{l-1}, the input of the the layer l of the node j is

$$net_{jp}^{l} = \sum_{i=1}^{n_{l-1}} w_{ij}^{l} \times O_{ip}^{l-1} \tag{11}$$

Among them, w_{ij}^{l} indicates the network's connection weights.

The output of the the layer l of the node j is:

$$O_{ip}^{l} = f^{(l)}(net_{jp}^{l}) \tag{12}$$

Among them, $f^{(l)}$ represents for the activating function of each node, In this paper, logarithmic sigmoid function is used for neural network activating function.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}} \tag{13}$$

BP neural network is used for the nonlinear part of the training network traffic data set for learning and error feedback, Through the network weights and thresholds, is adaptively adjusted to reduce inaccuracy to the required accuracy, so as to obtain the optimal Network weights, and establish the optimal weights of network traffic on the network .

3.4. The Final Prediction of Network Traffic Wavelet Reconstruction

By the ARIMA model and BP neural network traffic on the network to predict the linear and nonlinear part, the desired results are achieved.The results of linear and nonlinear part are inputted to the wavelet , The final predictions of the network traffic mixed model predictions are to obtain by wavelet reconstruction.

The wavelet reconstruction of Network traffic is wavelet decomposition's anti-process,

$$c_{j-1} = c_j \overline{h} + d_j \overline{g} (j = 0,1,2,\cdots, L) \tag{14}$$

Among the Formula, $\overline{h}$ and $\overline{g}$ are the dual operator respectively.

3.5. The Specific Prediction Process of Network Traffic

Mixed model prediction process is as follows:

- The collection of the network traffic data.
- Pre-processing the data of network traffic, removing some useless data.

- Using wavelet analysis to decompose the network traffic into linear and nonlinear two parts.
- Using ARIMA model to predict the linear part of network traffic, thus obtaining a linear variation of network traffic.
- Using BP neural network model to predict the nonlinear part of the network traffic , thus Obtaining non-linear changes of network traffic.
- Reconstructing the linear part and nonlinear part of network traffic, to obtain hybrid forecasting model for network traffic prediction

4.Simulation

4.1. Simulation Data

This network traffic data comes from http: / / newsfeed.ntcu.net / ~ news/2008 /, which has an access to 1000 network traffic point, that is shown in Figure 1, The data is divided into two parts: the former 950 data as learning samples, after the data as a test of 50 samples and the lastter considerable pretreatment.

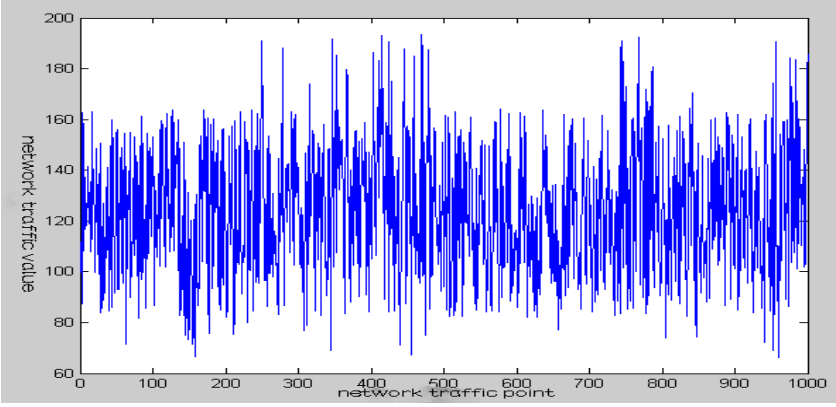

Figure 1 Network traffic data

4.2. Results and Analysis of Network Traffic Forecast

ARIMA models and BP neural network model are used as the reference, The prediction of the are shown in Figure2. Which shows the prediction, This prediction model fit the actual network traffic well, the prediction is accurate. and The ARIMA model of BP neural network prediction accuracy rate is reduced, Which is mainly due to the effective decomposition of wavelet analysis of network traffic , and ARIMA model and BP neural networks variation are used to the linear and nonlinear parts,Which improves the accuracy. Comparative results show that the hybrid model is an effective, high-accuracy prediction model of network traffic.

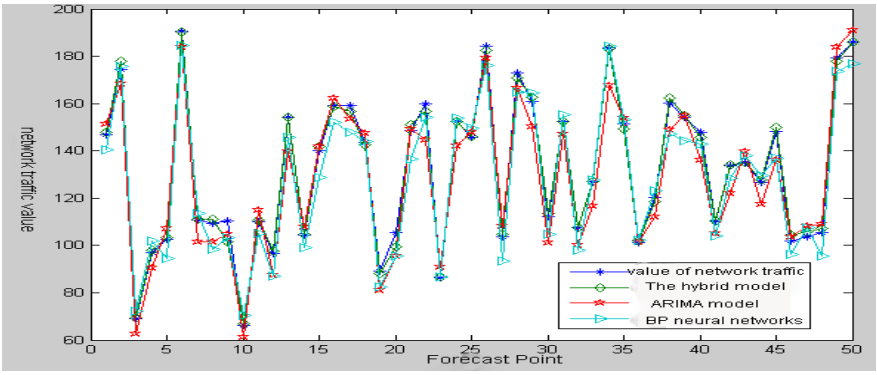

Figure 2 Predictions compared of the three model

5.Conclusion

The changes in network traffic have the features of complex, nonlinear, and a high degree of self-similarity. The prediction is not quite accurate using the traditional linear model. According to the network traffic changes,this paper proposed a hybrid prediction model based based on wavelet analysis. Simulation results show that compared with the simple prediction model, hybrid prediction model improves the prediction accuracy of network traffic, it can well describe the trend of network traffic, which has a wide range of applications.

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